



# Dialogic® Multimedia File Conversion Tools

User Guide

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*November 2007*

# About This Publication

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## Purpose

This document provides information on how to use the off-line multimedia file conversion tools (also referred to as utilities). These tools can be used to convert multimedia file data between industry-standard formats and the proprietary format.

The proprietary multimedia format is used by the Dialogic® Multimedia API, which provides the ability to record and play back digitized multimedia (audio and video) to support video services in application programs.

## Applicability

The information in this version of the document is published for Dialogic® Multimedia Software for AdvancedTCA Release 2.0.

This document may apply to other releases of Dialogic® Host Media Processing (HMP) Software as well as Dialogic® Multimedia Software for AdvancedTCA, which is applicable to Dialogic® Multimedia Platform for AdvancedTCA.

## How to Use this Publication

The information in this publication is organized as follows:

- [Section 1, “Product Description”](#), on page 4 – provides a brief description of the Dialogic® Multimedia File Conversion Tools, where to obtain them, and the proprietary multimedia format.
- [Section 2, “The mmconvert Utility”](#), on page 5 – provides detailed information for using the mmconvert utility.
- [Section 3, “The hmp3gp Utility”](#), on page 8 – provides detailed information for using the hmp3gp utility.
- [Section 4, “Proprietary Video File Format”](#), on page 10 – describes details of the proprietary video file format.
- [Section 5, “Proprietary Native Audio File Format”](#), on page 12 – describes details of the proprietary native audio file format.

## Related Information

Product documentation is available in the on-line documentation bookshelf provided with the software release or from the following support web site:

<http://www.dialogic.com/support/helpweb>

For information on the Dialogic® Multimedia API, see the following documents in the bookshelf for your product release:

- For information on Dialogic® Multimedia API features, as well as an overview of video technology and guidelines for developing applications using the Dialogic® Multimedia API, see the *Dialogic® Multimedia API Programming Guide*.
- For reference information on all functions, parameters, data structures, values, events, and error codes in the Dialogic® Multimedia API, see the *Dialogic® Multimedia API Library Reference*.
- For information about the Dialogic® Multimedia API demo, see the *Dialogic® Multimedia Demo Guide*.

## Revision History

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This revision history summarizes the changes made in each published version of this document.

Document No.	Publication Date	Description of Revisions
05-2453-006	November 2007	<p><a href="#">Product Description</a> section: Added note stating that this utility is no longer recommended for use.</p> <p><a href="#">The mmconvert Utility</a> section: Added note stating that this utility is no longer recommended for use.</p> <p><a href="#">Features of the hmp3gp Utility</a> section: Updated video track information to include MPEG-4. Added 3GPP Release 5.</p> <p><a href="#">hmp3gp Command Line Interface</a> section: Added -i parameter. Changed g711b option to g711u option (correction). Added information about MPEG-4 and H.263. Added usage example for -i parameter.</p> <p><a href="#">Proprietary Video File Format</a> section: Updated for MPEG-4.</p>
05-2453-005	September 2007	<p>Made global changes to reflect Dialogic brand.</p> <p><a href="#">How to Obtain the Tools</a> section: Updated web site information.</p> <p><a href="#">hmp3gp Command Line Interface</a> section: Added g711a, g711u options for -a parameter.</p>
05-2453-004	August 2007	<p><a href="#">hmp3gp Command Line Interface</a> section: Added g723_5300, g723_6300, g726, g729a options for -a parameter.</p>

Document No.	Publication Date	Description of Revisions
05-2453-003	May 2007	Product Description section: Added proprietary native audio file format in Proprietary Multimedia Format section. The mmconvert Utility section: Added mm08 option for -a in mmconvert Parameters table. The hmp3gp Utility section: Added -a audio-version parameter. Updated usage example. New Proprietary Native Audio File Format section: Added to provide details on this file format.
05-2453-002	July 2006	Global changes: Corrected document title references that referred only to the Linux operating system.
05-2453-001	January 2006	Initial version of document. Much of the information contained in this document was previously published in Chapter 5 of the <i>Dialogic® Multimedia API for Linux Programming Guide</i> , document number 05-2455-001. The file conversion information from the <i>Programming Guide</i> was moved to this document and updated here with the following revisions. Global changes: Made general improvements to descriptive information and organization. The hmp3gp Utility section: Based on improvements to the utility, changed feature description to indicate conversion in both directions, and added new -d option to the command line interface for specifying the direction of the conversion between input (source) and output (destination) files. How to Obtain the Tools section: Based on web site revisions, changed the URL for the web page used to obtain the tools.

# 1 Product Description

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## 1.1 Dialogic® Multimedia File Conversion Tools Provided

This document provides information on the following Dialogic® Multimedia File Conversion Tools:

### mmconvert

Converts multimedia file data between AVI type 2 format and the proprietary format. For details of the features and operation, see [Section 2, “The mmconvert Utility”](#), on page 5.

**Note:** The mmconvert utility is no longer recommended; it is supported for H.263 video and linear PCM audio only. Instead, use the hmp3gp utility; see [Section 3, “The hmp3gp Utility”](#), on page 8.

### hmp3gp

Converts multimedia file data between 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Release 4 format and the proprietary format. For details of the features and operation, see [Section 3, “The hmp3gp Utility”](#), on page 8.

## 1.2 How to Obtain the Tools

For Dialogic® Host Media Processing (HMP) Software users on the Linux operating system, the conversion tools can be downloaded from the following web site. Check this web site periodically for any updates to the conversion tools and their capabilities, and for corresponding updates to this document:

<http://www.dialogic.com/support/helpweb/dxall/hmpmedia/default.htm>

For Dialogic® Host Media Processing (HMP) Software users on the Windows® operating system, the conversion tools can be downloaded from the following web site. Check this web site periodically for any updates to the conversion tools and their capabilities, and for corresponding updates to this document:

<http://www.dialogic.com/support/helpweb/dxall/HMPWin/hmp30/omf/default.htm>

For Dialogic® Multimedia Platform for AdvancedTCA users, the conversion tools can be downloaded from the following web site. Check this web site periodically for any updates to the conversion tools and their capabilities, and for corresponding updates to this document:

<http://www.dialogic.com/support/helpweb/mmpatca/omf/default.htm>

## 1.3 Proprietary Multimedia Format

The proprietary multimedia format is used by the Dialogic® Multimedia API for video and audio play and record operations. It consists of a separate video file and one of the audio file formats, as follows:

- **Proprietary Video File Format:** Details of the format are described in [Section 4, “Proprietary Video File Format”](#), on page 10.
- **Proprietary Audio File Format:** Linear PCM (128 kbps); 16-bit, 8 kHz, mono, LSB-MSB (“little-endian”).
- **Proprietary Native Audio File Format:** Details of the format are described in [Section 5, “Proprietary Native Audio File Format”](#), on page 12.

# 2 The mmconvert Utility

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**Note:** The mmconvert utility is no longer recommended; it is supported for H.263 video and linear PCM audio only. Instead, use the hmp3gp utility; see [Section 3, “The hmp3gp Utility”](#), on page 8.

This section provides detailed information for using the mmconvert utility. The following topics are covered:

- [Features of the mmconvert Utility](#) . . . . . 6
- [mmconvert Command Line Interface](#) . . . . . 6

## 2.1 Features of the mmconvert Utility

The mmconvert utility converts multimedia data between the following file formats:

- Audio Video Interleave (AVI) Type-2 format with DVSD and DV25 encoded video (in PAL 720 x 576 or NTSC 720 x 480 video format) and with PCM linear 16-bit (any rate) mono or stereo audio format
- Proprietary multimedia format using an audio and a video file

The mmconvert utility can convert files from AVI file format to the proprietary multimedia file format. It does not convert from the proprietary multimedia file format to AVI file format.

Conversion includes selectable picture format (sub-QCIF, QCIF, CIF), aspect ratio adaptation, bit rate, and frames per second (30, 15, 10, 6).

## 2.2 mmconvert Command Line Interface

This section describes the command line interface for the mmconvert utility.

**Note:** The conversion utilities perform CPU-intensive tasks and should only be used when sufficient CPU capacity is available and when they will not affect other operations on the system. For example, they should not be used while performing audio/video operations or when processing audio/video calls, because this can impact the performance and operation of the system.

### Command Line Parameters

```
mmconvert
  <AVI-filename>
  -a<audio-version>
  -v<video-version>
  -z<picture-format>:<adaptation-mode>:<bit-rate>:<fps>
  -y<parameter-file>
  -x<output-video-filename>
  -w<output-audio-filename>
```

**Table 1. mmconvert Parameters**

	Parameter	Description
	input-filename	specifies filename for AVI format file used for input
-a	audio-version	specifies version of proprietary audio file format used for output. Set to one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• mm07 – linear PCM (128 kbps) proprietary audio file format</li> <li>• mm08 – proprietary native audio file format. For details, see <a href="#">Section 5, “Proprietary Native Audio File Format”</a>, on page 12.</li> </ul>
-v	video-version	specifies version of proprietary video file format used for output. Set to version mm07. For details on the video file format, see <a href="#">Section 4, “Proprietary Video File Format”</a> , on page 10.
-z	picture-format	specifies the output picture format. Set to one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CIF – Common Intermediate Format (CIF) picture size (PAL 352 pixels by 288 pixels)</li> <li>• QCIF – Quarter Common Intermediate Format (QCIF) picture size (PAL 176 pixels by 144 pixels)</li> <li>• SQCIF – Sub-QCIF picture size (PAL 128 pixels by 96 pixels), used for mobile handsets</li> </ul>
	adaptation-mode	specifies mode for picture adaptation. Set to one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0 – keep original aspect ratio, cut sides, fill top and bottom (valid for CIF and QCIF only)</li> <li>• 2 – fit to target aspect ratio by stretching or shrinking</li> </ul>
	bit-rate	specifies video bit rate (kbps) for output file
	fps	specifies video frames per second (30, 15, 6) for output file
-y	parameter-filename	specifies parameter file name. The file contains internal configuration parameters required for multimedia conversion algorithms, and should not be modified under normal circumstances.
-x	output-video-filename	specifies file name of proprietary format video file used for output
-w	output-audio-filename	specifies file name of proprietary format audio file used for output

## Usage Example

### Command Line:

```
mmconvert /src/demo.avi -amm07 -vmm07 -zCIF:0:200:30
-y ./h263.par -x /dst/demo.vid -w /dst/demo.aud
```

This command takes the AVI file (*demo.avi*) and produces the proprietary format video file (*demo.vid*) and audio file (*demo.aud*) as output. The resulting *demo.vid* video file is produced as CIF (352 x 288 pixels), in adaptation mode 0, and is suitable for transmission over 200 kbps line at 30 frames per second.

# 3 The hmp3gp Utility

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This section provides detailed information for using the hmp3gp utility. The following topics are covered:

- [Features of the hmp3gp Utility](#) ..... 8
- [hmp3gp Command Line Interface](#) ..... 8

## 3.1 Features of the hmp3gp Utility

The hmp3gp utility converts multimedia data between the following file formats:

- 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Release 4/Release 5 file format (.3gp)
- proprietary multimedia format using an audio and a video file

**Note:** The hmp3gp utility can convert files in either direction between 3GP format and proprietary multimedia format.

The 3GP file contains two tracks: a video track with H.263 or MPEG-4 video data, and an audio track with Global System for Mobile communication Adaptive Multi-Rate Narrow Band (GSM-AMR-NB) audio encoded at a bitrate of 12.2 kbps.

**Note:** No transrating or resizing is done, so the destination frame rate and the picture size will be the same as the source.

## 3.2 hmp3gp Command Line Interface

This section describes the command line interface for the hmp3gp utility.

**Note:** The conversion utilities perform CPU-intensive tasks and should only be used when sufficient CPU capacity is available and when they will not affect other operations on the system. For example, they should not be used while performing audio/video operations or when processing audio/video calls, because this can impact the performance and operation of the system.

### Command Line Parameters

```
hmp3gp
  -i<information-on-proprietary file>
  -d<direction>
  -a<audio-file-format>
  -v<video-file-format>
  <video-filename>
  <audio-filename>
  <3gp-filename>
```

**Table 2. hmp3gp Parameters**

	Parameter	Description
-i	information	returns information about the proprietary file. See <a href="#">Usage Example 2</a> . <b>Note:</b> This parameter is not supported for linear PCM file (mm07), as there is no file header on a linear file.
-d	direction	specifies direction or destination of conversion between the specified files. The sequence of file names in the command line stays the same, and the direction parameter indicates which files are used as source and which as destination for the conversion. Set to one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0 – convert to 3GP format (default)</li> <li>• 1 – convert to proprietary multimedia format</li> </ul>
-a	audio file format	specifies proprietary audio file format used for output. Set to one of the following: <b>Note:</b> This parameter is optional for -d0 (convert to 3gp format). The hmp3gp utility can determine the format based on header information. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• mm07 – linear PCM (128 kbps) proprietary audio file format (default)</li> <li>• mm08 – proprietary native audio file format for AMR. For details, see <a href="#">Section 5, “Proprietary Native Audio File Format”</a>, on page 12.</li> <li>• g723_5300 – proprietary native audio file format for G.723 5.3 kbps</li> <li>• g723_6300 – proprietary native audio file format for G.723 6.3 kbps</li> <li>• g726 – proprietary native audio file format for G.726</li> <li>• g729a – proprietary native audio file format for G.729a</li> <li>• g711a – proprietary native audio file format for G.711 a-law</li> <li>• g711u – proprietary native audio file format for G.711 mu-law</li> </ul>
-v	video file format	This parameter is not currently supported.
	video filename	specifies file name of proprietary format video file
	audio filename	specifies file name of proprietary format audio file
	3gp filename	specifies file name for 3GP format file. Only 3GP files with H.263 or MPEG-4 video tracks are supported.

### Usage Example 1

**Command Line:**

```
hmp3gp -d0 -amm07 /src/demo.vid /src/demo.aud /dst/demo.3gp
```

This command takes the proprietary format video file (*demo.vid*) and audio file (*demo.aud*) and produces the 3GP format file (*demo.3gp*) as output. This is the default conversion direction if the -d parameter is not specified. For -d0, -a parameter is optional.

If -d1 is specified, the command takes the 3GP file and produces proprietary format audio and video files from it.

## Usage Example 2

### Command Line:

```
hmp3gp -i test.vid
Version: 0x1 - HMP Proprietary video file codec: mp4v

hmp3gp -i greeting.aud
HMP Proprietary audio file codec: G729a
```

These two examples illustrate the `-i` parameter which displays information about the proprietary format video file or audio file.

# 4 Proprietary Video File Format

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This section describes the proprietary video file format.

Version of this File: 0.8

General: Video and Audio are in two different files. The audio will be in Linear or G.711 format. Audio file does not contain any time information. Only Video file contains the time information with respect to audio (it can be Network time stamp/Local time stamp).

Advantages of two files: Audio file can be played using non video channels. If a video clip contains multiple audio languages/channels (English, Spanish, German, etc.), the application can choose which one can be played.

Frames need to be stored in frame decode order or sequence number order.

```
*****
Video File Format:
  Header
  Video_Data
  Index_Table
*****
```

Header: Contains information regarding the File:

```
{
  VID_Header_HdInfo
  VID_Header_NTSInfo
  VID_Header_IdxInfo
  VID_Header_CodecInfo
  Padding
}

typedef struct {
  char      FileType[8];
  UInt32    HeaderSize;
  UInt32    VersionOfFileFormat;
  UInt32    PadSize;
  UInt32    nframe;
}VID_Header_HdInfo;

typedef struct {
  UInt32    nIndex;
```

```

    UInt32  IOffset;
}VID_Header_IndxInfo;

typedef struct {
    UInt32  StartVideoNTS;
    UInt32  StartAudioNTS;
}VID_Header_NTSInfo;

typedef struct {
    char    VideoCodecName[8];
    UInt32  FrameRate;
    UInt32  BitRate;
    UInt32  ImageWidth;
    UInt32  ImageHeight;
    UInt32  SizeOfCodecConfig;
}VID_HEADER_CODECINFO;

typedef struct {
    UInt32  profile;
    UInt32  level;
}VID_Header_H263CodecConfig;

typedef struct {
    UInt32  profilelevelID;
    UInt8   dciBuffer[350];
    UInt16  dciSize;
} VID_Header_MPEG4CodecConfig

00000000  CHAR FileType[8]= "VIDEO  ". Indicates that it is a Video File.
00000008  UInt32 Size_of_the_Header: Total Header size in bytes including the
          Size_of_the_Header and Padding
0000000C  UInt32 Version_of_File_Format: 16.16 Format, "XX.YY" XX=Major Number, YY=Minor Number
00000010  UInt32 PADsize: To make sure Video Data can start on 4 byte boundaries Add some
          padding. 0 means no Pad
00000014  UInt32 nframe: Number of Video Frames in the File
00000018  UInt32 StartVideoNTS: First Video packet Network or System Time Stamp
0000001C  UInt32 StartAudioNTS: Video and Audio TSs are converted to either Network or System
          TS when they arrive and stored. This is to maintain the synchronization between Video
          and Audio
00000020  UInt32 nindex: Number of Frames in Index Table, 0 means there is no Index_Table and
          ignore the offset
00000024  UInt32 IOffset: Offset for the Index_Table: Offset in 32 bit from the start of the
          file
00000028  CHAR videocodecname[8]: NULL Terminated Video Codec Name. For MPEG-4 "mp4v", for H263
          "s263"
00000030  UInt32 FrameRate: (16.16 Format), From this we can deduct frame buffering required
          for a given Task rate
00000034  UInt32 Bitrate: Bitrate of the Video Stream
00000038  UInt32 Imagewidth:
0000003C  UInt32 ImageHeight: These are used by the decoders to figure out buffering
          requirements without scanning the compressed data.
00000040  UInt32 size of VideoCodecConfig :siz
00000044  UNION VideoCodecConfig: H.263/MPEG-4 Simple profile
00000044+siz  CHAR PAD[PADsize]:
*****

*****
Video_Data:
    Video_frame data[nframe];
*****

Each Video_frame:
    UInt32 Frame_Size: Frame Size in bytes including (Frame_Size + Packet_Count + npad +
          RTPPacket + Pad_data)

```



```

SAMPLE N

AUDIO_HEADER:
typedef struct {
    char    AudioFileType[8];
    UInt32  SizeoftheHeader;
    UInt32  VersionOfFileFormat;
    UInt32  padSize;          //Number of extra bytes at the end of header to make it word aligned
    UInt32  nframe;
}AUD_HeadInfo;

AudioFileType[]={'A','U','D','I','O',' ',' ',' ',' '};
VersionOfFileFormat = 0x00000008;
SizeoftheHeader = sizeof(AUD_HeadInfo);

typedef struct {
    UInt32  Size;           //Size of this structure.
    UInt32  Coding;
    UInt32  SampleRate;
    UInt32  BitsPerSample;
}AUD_CODEEC_HEADER;          //Same as the MM_AUDIO_CODEEC except version

SAMPLE:
    SAMPLE HEADER
    PayLoad

SAMPLE HEADER:
typedef struct {
    UInt32  size;          //includes payLoad + size of this structure
    UInt32  CoderType;
    UInt32  TimeStamp;
    UInt32  RefLocalTime;
    UInt16  SeqNo;
    UInt16  m;            //marker Bit
}mm_aud_native_sample;

/*

Marker Bit is set according to RFC

The RTP header marker bit (M) SHALL be set to 1 if the first frame-
block carried in the packet contains a speech frame which is the
first in a talkspurt. For all other packets the marker bit SHALL be
set to zero (M=0).

The coder type allows us to record RFC2833 or other Coder Packets in the same file.

Seq Numbers are required so that we can record missed packets.
TimeStamp and RefLocalTime are required to capture the jumps in TS.
*/

```

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Publication Date: November 2007

Document Number: 05-2453-006